

# Primordial Magnetic Fields from Pre-inflation

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Theory and Observations of EGMF  
APC, Paris  
Dec 13-15, 2010

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# Inflaton Coupling to Electromagnetism

$$S_{\text{inflaton-photon}} = \int d^4x \quad 4c \left( \phi/M_{Pl} \right) E \cdot B$$

$$\left( \nabla^2 - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \tau^2} \right) B = 4c \frac{d\theta}{d\tau} \nabla \times B$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tau &= \eta / H \\ d\eta &= H dt / a(t) \\ \Theta &= \phi / M_{Pl}\end{aligned}$$

$\eta$  conformal time  
 $a$  cosmic scale factor  
 $H$  Hubble parameter

$$B = \nabla \times A_T$$

$$\begin{aligned}A_T &= \int \frac{d^3k}{\sqrt{2(2\pi)^3 k}} \\ &\times \left[ e^{ik \cdot x} \sum_{\lambda=\pm} b_{\lambda k} V_{\lambda k}(\tau) \epsilon_{\lambda k} + \text{h.c.} \right],\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{d\eta^2} V_{\pm q} + \left( q^2 \mp 4cq \frac{d\theta}{d\eta} \right) V_{\pm q} = 0,$$

with initial conditions at early epoch given by

$$V_{\pm q} = 1, \quad \frac{dV_{\pm q}}{d\eta} = -iq. \quad q = k/H$$

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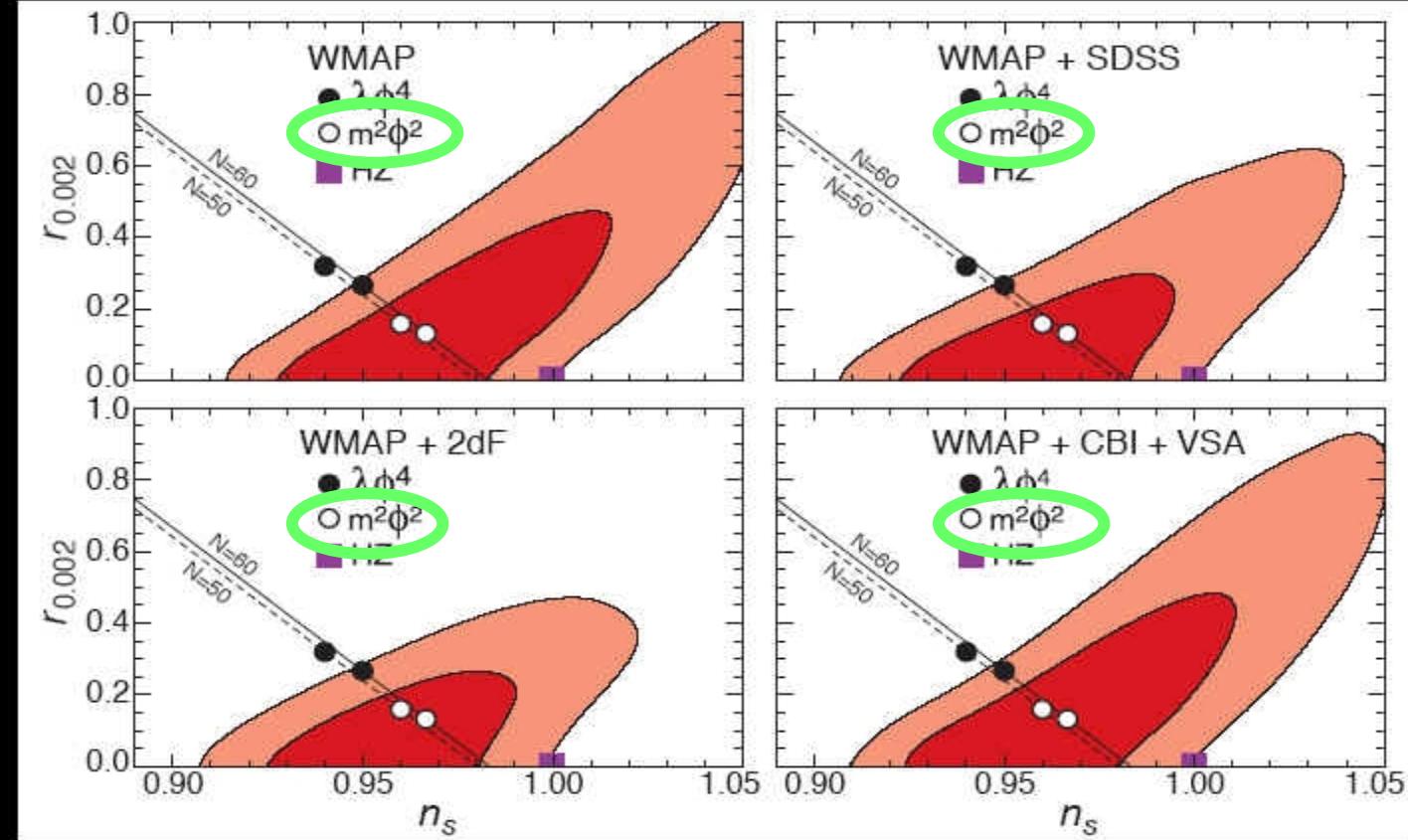
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- Spinoidal instability for long-wavelength + helicity photons  
 $q < 4c d\Theta/d\eta$
- negative effective mass
- modes grow exponentially
- helical B fields

# WMAP data and chaotic inflation

r : tensor/scalar



Spectral index

$$n(k) - 1 \equiv \frac{d \ln \mathcal{P}_R}{d \ln k}$$

Spergel et al (2006)

$m \sim 10^{13}$   
GeV



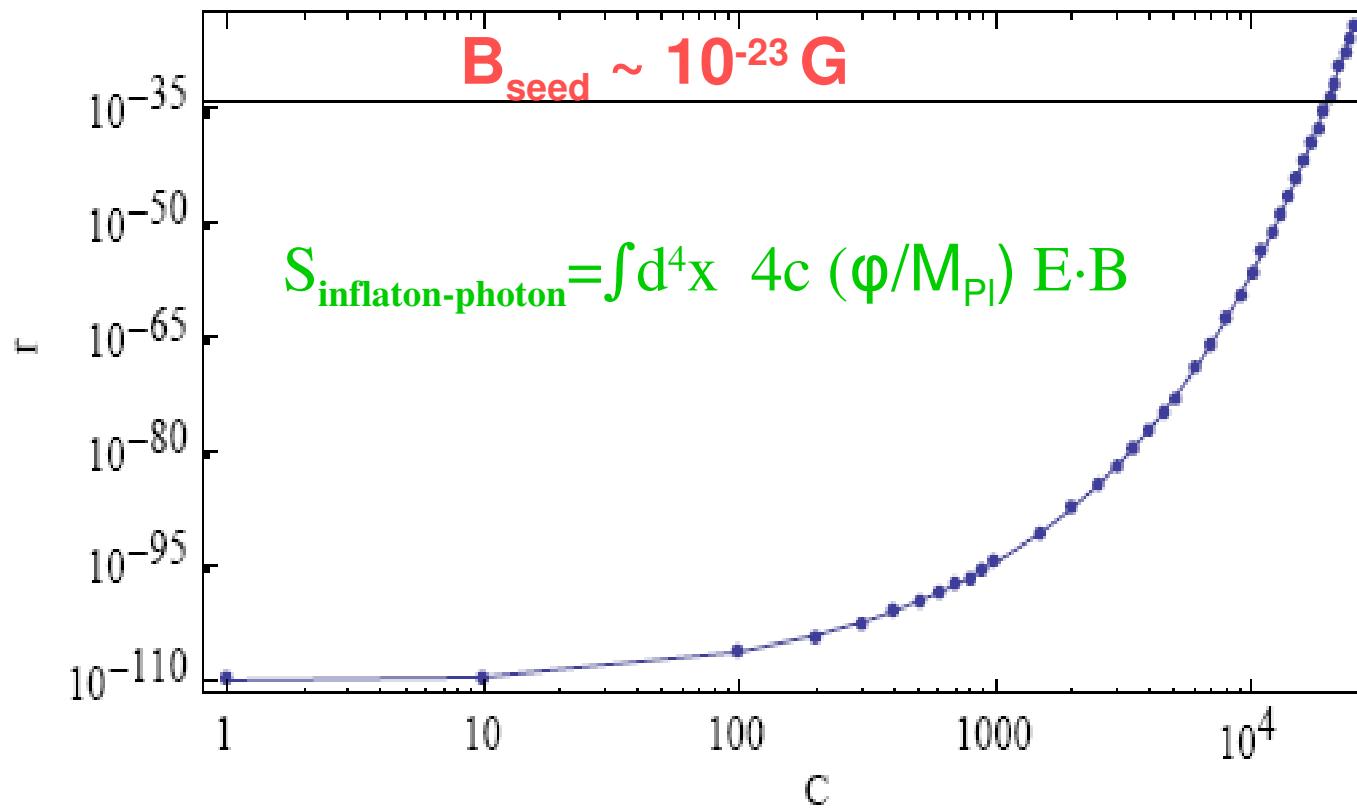
# B fields from slow-roll inflation

$$\frac{d\rho_B}{dq} = \frac{H^4}{32\pi^3 a_{end}^{-4}} q^3 \sum_{i=\pm} |V_{iq}|^2$$

$a_{end}$  end of inflation

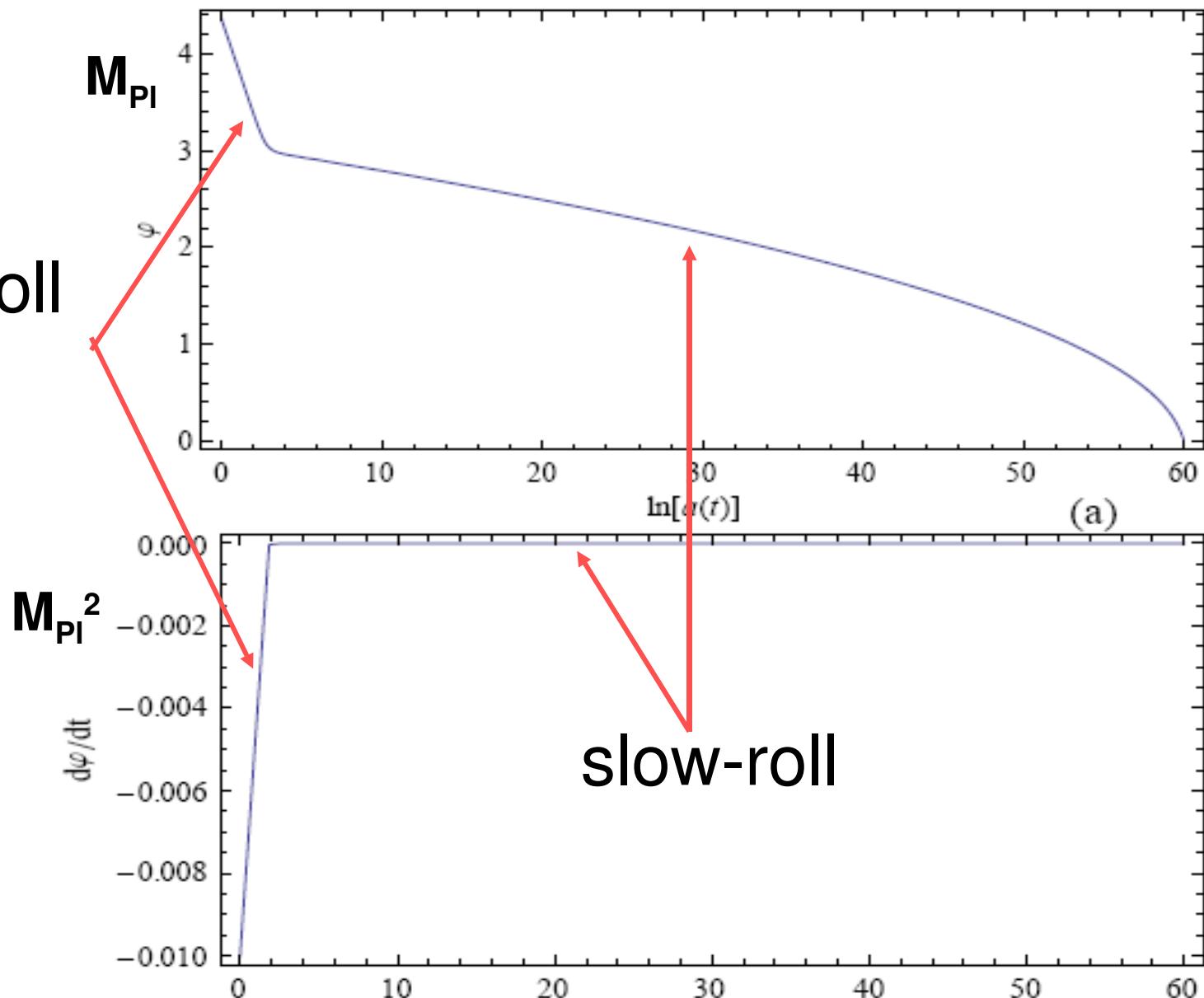
$q=1$  present horizon

$\rho_\gamma$  radiation density

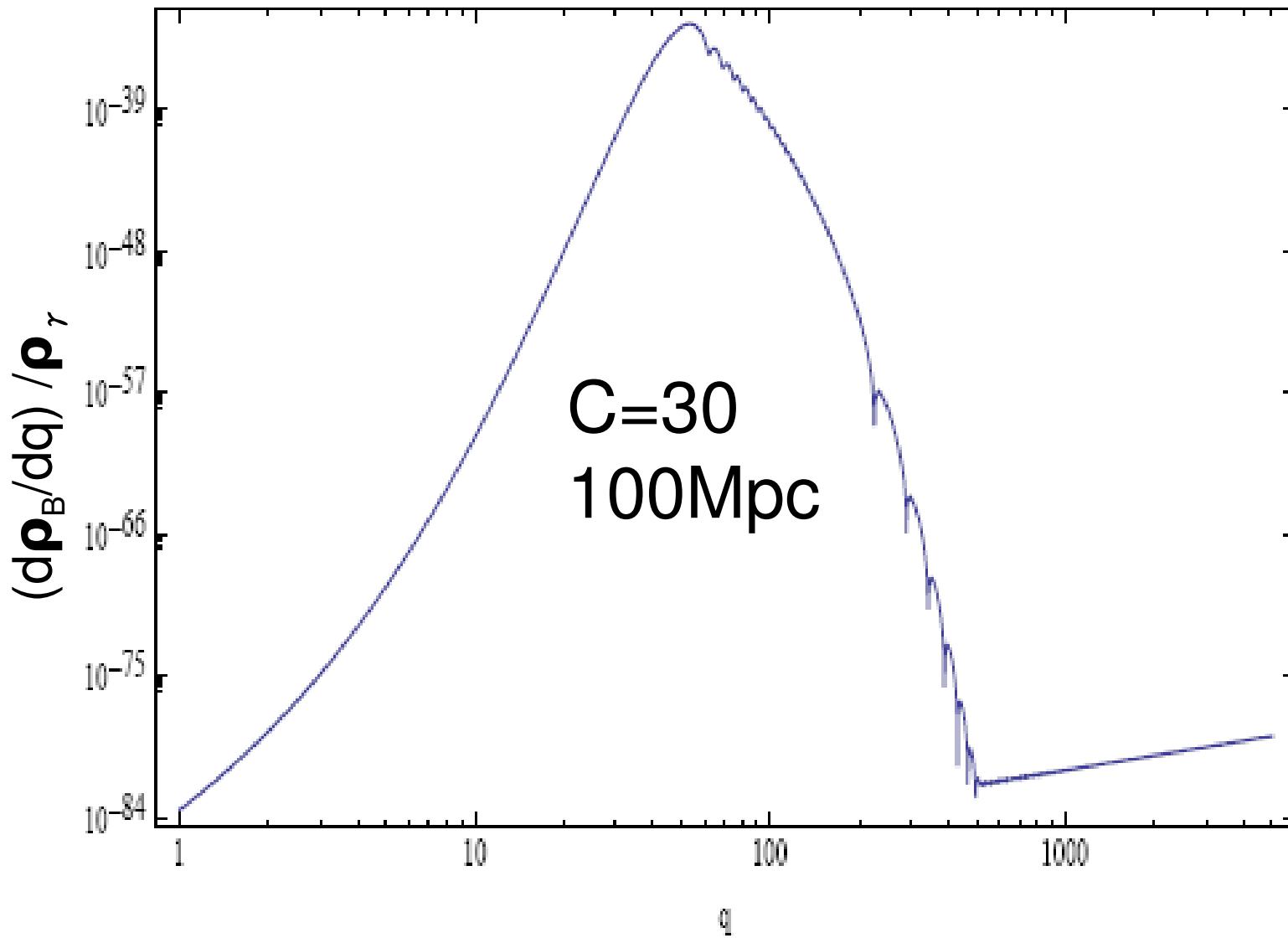


# Fast-roll stage + slow-roll inflation

fast-roll



# B fields from fast-roll stage



# Conclusions

- inflaton coupled to E·B     $\varphi/f$  string axiverse 2010
- helical B fields
- production of B fields in slow-roll inflation with low efficiency in many papers
- fast-roll stage significantly enhances the production Cheng, Lee, Ng 2010
- while suppressing large-scale inflaton fluctuations Linde et al. 2003
- hence resulting in a lower large-scale CMB anisotropy